# **APA Style Guide Quick Reference**

This reference sheet is intended to provide assistance while using the 6th edition of the *Publication Manual for the American Psychological Association (APA)*. The *Publication Manual for the American Psychological Association* must be followed for headings and subheadings, tables and figures, in-text citations, and references (i.e., notes and bibliography, reference list).

## Headings/Subheadings (pp. 62-63)

- 1. Do not label headings with numbers or letters.
- 2. <u>Do not label your introduction</u> with a heading.
- 3. Begin all sections with heading Level 1 and follow the heading format in a top-down progression. Guidelines are provided for up to 5 levels of headings/subheadings, identified as follows (please note that WPEL's heading system differs slightly from that of APA):

## Block Quotations (pp. 92 & 171)

- 1. For quotations longer than <u>40 words</u>
- 2. Start on a new line; indent approximately one-half inch from the left (the same as a paragraph indentation);
- 3. Do not use quotation marks; double-space the entire quotation.
- 4. If there are additional paragraphs within the quotation, indent the first line of each paragraph an additional five spaces.
- 5. At the end of the block quotation, cite the quoted source and the page or paragraph number in parentheses *after* the final punctuation mark.

Ex) Jones's (1998) study found the following:

Students often had difficulty using APA style, especially when it was their first time citing sources. This difficulty could be attributed to the fact that many students failed to purchase a style manual or to ask their teacher for help. (p. 199)

### In-Text Citation (pp. 174-179)

- 1. Cite only the publication date in parentheses, directly following the author's name Ex) Doe (2006) said something important
- 2. Cite author's last name, followed by a comma and the publication date, all in parentheses Ex) In a recent article about citations (Doe, 2006)
- 3. To cite a particular part of a source, add the page number.
- Ex) Doe (2006) claimed "Students often had difficulty using APA style" (p. 44).
- 4. To refer to the title of a source within your paper, 1) <u>italicize or underline the titles of longer works</u> such as books, edited collections, movies, television series, documentaries, or albums, and 2) <u>put quotation marks</u> <u>around the titles of shorter works</u> such as journal articles, articles from edited collections, television series episodes, and song titles. In both cases, <u>capitalize all words</u> that are four letters long or greater within the title of a source.

Ex) "There Is Nothing Left to Lose: The Case of Natural-Born Cyborgs" / Friends

### Figures (pp. 150-167)

Figures include all types of illustrations (i.e., graphs, maps, charts, photographs, drawings, etc.). A figure labeled *"Figure"* and appears flush left below the figure, followed by *an Arabic numeral <u>and period</u>*, all in italics. Ex)

This is your figure.

*Figure 1*. Caption of figure inserted here.

### Tables (pp. 128-150)

The title "Table" is placed above the corresponding table, flush left, followed by an Arabic numeral. A table title should appear flush left on the next line, *Title Case, italicized*, and double-spaced. Ex)

Table 1

Title of Table Inserted Here

#### **Reference List**

**General/Spacing (p. 180-187)** Each entry should have a hanging indent and per formatting regulations must be single-spaced, with a double-space between entries. Reference list/bibliography should be <u>arranged alphabetically by author last name</u>.

Printed Book (pp. 202-206): Author, A. A. (year). Title of book. Location: Publisher.

- 1. *Title in italics* (Capitalize only <u>the first word</u> of the title and subtitle as well as proper nouns), followed by a period
- 2. <u>City AND state</u> of publication (For non-U.S. regions, city and country), followed by a colon, and the publisher, followed by a period.

Ex) Robinson, D. N. (1992). Social discourse and moral judgment. San Diego, CA: Academic Press.

**Book Chapter:** Author, A. A. (year). Chapter title. In B. B. Author & C. C. Author (Eds.), *Book title* (pp.xx-xx). Location: Publisher.

1. Chapter title: Capitalize only the first word

2. Editors: (1) initials, (2) last names, (3) (Ed.) or (Eds.), and (4) a coma

3. Book title: Italicize the book title and capitalize only the first word.

Ex) O'Neil, J. M., & Egan, J. (1992). Men's and women's gender role journeys: Metaphor for healing, transition, and transformation. In B.R. Wainrib (Ed.), *Gender issues across the life cycle* (pp. 107-123). New York, NY: Springer.

**Journal Article (pp. 198-202):** Author, A. A. (year). Title of article. *Title of Journal, vol #* (issue #), pp-pp.

- 1. Article title: Capitalize only the first word
- 2. Journal title: Italicize and capitalize all words
- 3. Journal volume and issue: <u>Italicize only the volume number</u> and put the issue number in parentheses. No space between the two.

Ex) Klimoski, R., & Palmer, S. (1993). The ADA and the hiring process in organizations. *Consulting Psychology Journal: Practice and Research*, *45*(2), 10-36.

Web Page (pp. 187-192): Author, A. A. (date of last update). Site title. Retrieved from URL

Ex) U.S. General Accounting Office. (1997, February). *Telemedicine*. Retrieved from http://www.access.gpo.gov/su\_docs/aces160.shtml?/gao/index.hml